



Religious Education Y4, Autumn Term: Judaism- How Do Jews Show Faith Through Practices And Celebrations?



Theme: Pride- Local Focus

Our Enquiry Questions

- What happens at a Synagogue?
- What happens at Pesach?
- What is Sukkot?
- How do Jews remember the giving of the Torah? Shavuot
- What rules for Jews are there to follow in the Torah?
- What happens during the life journey of a Jew?

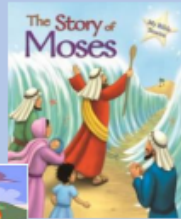
Scan the QR code for the Unit Quiz

RE Skills to Develop

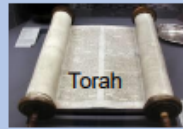
- I can explore belief in action and make connections with my own life and communities.
- I can give thoughtful responses using different forms of expression.
- I can discuss why worshippers choose to attend a particular place of worship and what it means to belong.

Key Vocabulary	Definition
5 Fingers	1. Judaism, 2. Jews, 3. Torah, 4. Hebrew, 5. Synagogue.
Synagogue	The place where Jews meet to worship God (church for Christians). It means 'meeting place' in Greek.
The Torah	that Jews believe that the Torah is God's way of communicating with them. It is his most precious gift to them. (The first 5 books of the Christian Bible)
The Ark	The most important thing inside a synagogue is the ark , or cabinet, that holds the Torah scrolls.
Bimah	A raised platform in a synagogue from which the Torah is read.
Shavuot	Commemorates the revelation of the Torah on Mt. Sinai given to Moses and the Jewish people. (The Ten Commandments—Christianity)
Ner tamid, "Eternal Light"	Burning before the ark. (In Christian churches the sanctuary lamp , also called a chancel lamp , is placed before the tabernacle to signify the presence of the Lord/Blessed Sacrament.
Pesach/ Passover	Celebrates the freedom of the Jews from slavery in ancient Egypt. Moses (the most important prophet in Judaism but also an important prophet in Christianity, Islam and the Bahá'í Faith.
Sedar	This is the seder plate, and each food is symbolic for an aspect of Passover : A roasted shank bone represents the Pescah sacrifice, an egg represents spring and the circle of life, bitter herbs represent the bitterness of slavery, haroset (an applesauce-like mixture with wine, nuts, apples, etc.)
Sukkot	Commemorates the years that the Jews spent in the desert on their way to the Promised Land, and celebrates the way in which God protected them under difficult desert conditions. Sukkot is also known as the Feast of Tabernacles

Key Artefacts, Symbols and Stories



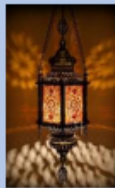
Sedar Plate



Torah

Ner tamid

Bimah



Synagogue

